

## THE RACE FOR OFFICE.

Starters in the gubernatorial Handicap already Named.

## MONTGOMERY A GOOD SHORT HORSE.

He has many friends and is expected to make the pace too hot.

## FOR THE QUAY CAMPAIGN STABLE.

An Early Adjournment of the Legislature Among the Possibilities.

The race for Governor is already exciting interest among possibilities. Several persons are already spoken of, among them, Major Montooth, Secretary Stone and Senator Delamater. Montooth is said to be almost as popular in Philadelphia as he is in Allegheny county, and it may be a case of both ends of the State against the middle. For State Treasurer, Speaker Boyer seems to have the call, with Henry Hall, of Mercer, a good second.

## FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

HARRISBURG, January 27.—Not until after the people vote on the vexed question of prohibition will the Republican leaders know just who are to be the party candidates in the approaching contest. It is not yet considered is the State Treasurer. So far as the party leaders are concerned, Senator Ruman might be the place, and it is fair to say that considerable pressure has been brought to bear upon him. He might have a vote for two United States Senators, and a man of Ruman's ability and political sagacity can have much influence on his fellow members when these events occur.

"What, then, are his plans?" "I cannot answer with authority, but I think he prefers another term in the State Senate. The Senator elected from his district will have a vote for two United States Senators, and a man of Ruman's ability and political sagacity can have much influence on his fellow members when these events occur."

## SPEAKER BOYER FOR TREASURER.

"If Ruman doesn't want the nomination for State Treasurer, who do you think is likely to be named for the place?"

"Speaker Boyer is considered very favorable to the position. He is very popular in the House, too, where the ability with which he presides and his impartiality are generally recognized. In the West I know of no better or stronger man for the place than Henry Hall, of Mercer, whose ability has been proven both on the floor of the House, in the missionary work of the late campaign and in the Judiciary General Committee, of which he is chairman. He is popular, too, because, while a good party man, he is generally recognized as no man's man. Either of these gentlemen would have the confidence of the party. Senator Ruman, on his return from Washington, started in on his accumulated correspondence, in his usual determined manner, and by attempting to do two days work in one day, he has shown that he is a man of place in the Senate. The vacation of that body, however, gave him an opportunity to clear his desk and be ready for next Tuesday night's session. His physician threatens, unless he moderates his zeal, to put him under lock and key for a time."

## FOR GOVERNOR.

The gubernatorial matter is one that has been agitated more than the State Treasurer's, but nothing definite, it is said, will be determined on concerning it until the prohibition question is out of the way. With that disposed of for five years Mr. Quay feels that he can go ahead to strengthen his position, and the gubernatorial question will then receive more than passing attention. None of the State officials save Secretary Stone can be considered in the race, as he is not pushing himself. But he has friends who are talking for him, who are warm admirers of his abilities. The fact that Crawley, county in the West, is a man of both ends of the State against the middle of the State as Allegheny, complicates the situation so far as the interests of Western Pennsylvania are concerned.

Senator Delamater in the first and Major Montooth in the second, dividing the West with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, may give the East a chance to run in a man of local fame, unless Mr. Quay, in his own opinion to his own will. He is not one of three Western candidates strong men the situation would be interesting. Senator Delamater has earned important lessons in no ordinary school. His influence among the legislators is great, and though it has largely grown out of the knowledge of his intimate relations with Quay, his personal qualities have clinched it as only such qualities can.

## MONTGOMERY'S POPULARITY.

Major Montooth probably introduces a great element of uncertainty into the campaign than any other candidate yet named. It is true of his candidacy in the West, it is none the less true that he is likely to be a disconcerting element in the East. The Philadelphia friends of his, and his friends in the Quaker city and through the State have made friends right and left in his last campaign. It has kept up the acquaintance of his friends and acquaintances and has extended them. He is openly and avowedly a candidate and is running his own campaign. He is not looking for Quay or anyone else to further his interests.

When Major Montooth was here recently, before the Pardon Board, he made no secret of his interest in the gubernatorial race. He was in the race to stay until he was elected. When Mr. Magee was here last week and Major Montooth's aspirations were mentioned to him, he spoke in warm praise of the Pittsburgh candidate. It is not impossible that the elements of opposition to Senator Quay's leadership, remembering how near Major Montooth came to breaking the Pittsburgh candidate, may take advantage of his popularity both East and West to unite on him in one more grand effort to relegate the Heaver statesman to the rear. Mr. Magee is not talking politics these days with a chosen few. But it is recognized to be a fact that his eyes are wide open and that he keeps well advised of all that is going on. It is not the time for open fighting, but it is for patient watching and waiting for an opening to strike.

## WILL ADJOURN IN APRIL.

An important political consideration at the present time is the length of the legislative session. In the first days of legislative work, while the Speaker was studying the composition of the House committees, and for some time thereafter, the impression prevailed that the Legislature would not leave Harrisburg before the 1st of June. Governor Beaver inclined to this view, as did party leaders in both houses. Auditor General McClanahan was one conspicuous exception. The bright business man sent here from the northern oil fields, it was also noticeable, could see no necessity for a long session. He said the session will probably not be one of extraordinary length. The Republican leaders have been putting their heads together and have recognized among themselves that the party's large majority demands adjournment at the earliest possible moment, lest some blunder be made that involves serious consequences. In harmony with this sentiment, a resolution will probably be introduced this week to adjourn the Legislature by the middle of April.

Perhaps in consideration of the fact that the Legislature may determine to attend the inauguration and the Washington celebration in New York, on April 30, at the State's expense, the date may be fixed near the end of the month. The leaders have made up their minds that there shall be no mistakes if they can head them off, and one way to do this, they think, is to curtail the time of the session. SIMPSON.

## THERE'S MONEY IN IT.

Continued from First Page.

Five leaders, Mr. Graham fought his bill through, inch by inch, killing "rider" after "rider," avoiding the pit-holes which are so adroitly dug for unpopular measures on the banks of the Susquehanna, that by the time spring birds were chattering in Capitol Park, he heard Speaker Graham announce the passage of the bill "on third and final reading."

That was a thrilling scene in the House that afternoon, as well remembered by the writer. Cheers upon cheers arose from the galleries, and pushing his way through the crowded lobby a page laid upon Representative Glenn's desk a huge bank-note of \$100,000 from Philadelphia, bought and presented to him by the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Pennsylvania. The State officers of which were at that moment vainly performing handkerchiefs from the ladies' gallery.

## ITS RESULTS NOW.

Four years have passed, and what are the results? I have purposely kept a memorandum of the votes in only the seven counties in which I have thus far been, which will be the best test of the effect of the amendment on the operations of the physiological and hygiene educational law. They number close upon 100, and there are 67 counties in Pennsylvania. Listen to what I was told by a gentleman in one of the southern counties, whose reputation for profound business knowledge, and very liberal views on the temperance question, made it impossible for me to believe that his vote could be swayed by a matter of sentiment, had I not heard him tell it myself.

"Up to a week ago," he said, "I had supposed I would vote against the amendment when it came up at the election. It seemed to me impracticable, in the first place, because liquor States will still surround Pennsylvania in its majority, and I could not justify myself, I thought, in aiding in the destruction of a vast property which our laws have built up, without compensating the owners. Now I am influenced by neither of these objections and I shall vote for the amendment."

"What changed my views?" continued the lawyer. "Well, I am not ashamed to confess it, for the tally sheets in June will show thousands of voters just like me. You know they teach physiology and hygiene in the public schools now. I don't know anything about whether it is true or not, but I have seen the results of it in your great city schools, but I do know that throughout the country districts, the teachers enjoy teaching it and the pupils love it."

## A LITTLE ANECDOTE.

"I have a little tale of a daughter who reads what her teacher writes every morning on the blackboard about the organs, systems and bones of the human body, and she memorizes carefully all she is told in the oral lessons about the effect of what she reads and interprets diets upon these organs and systems. She will come home, and sitting on my knee for hours, will tell me with the amazing earnestness and solemnity of a doctor the evil results of liquors on the human body. It's amusing, of course, but when she would these little scientific lectures up three or four times, she would say: 'And papa, dear, you're going to vote against whisky sellers, so brother Willy will never be killed by them when he grows up to be a big man'—when I hear that from little Lily, do you suppose I'm going to refuse the sweet request? No, sir. The teachers are now telling all children to plead with their fathers for temperance. And now thousands of fathers in Pennsylvania who love their little ones too well to refuse so trifling a desire?"

## WORKINGMEN FOR PROHIBITION.

Mr. Green is now connected with the State Department of Education, at Harrisburg, and although his home is still in this county—at Putneyville—I was of course unable to see him for his idea of what might be termed, by some, as scientific results rather than sentimentalism.

Local opinion was carried in Armstrong county by 1,200 majority, and Constitutional amendment will have 1,500 votes to spare. This shows a gain in temperance sentiment. A fair application for licenses under the Brooks law, remonstrances were presented to Judge Neal on a term of court signed by 12,000 persons. Judge Neal, by the way, who has steadily refused licenses under the Brooks law, was one of two lawyers who, 12 or 14 years ago, refused to present in court the application of even their best clients for liquor licenses. Now at least one-half of the attorneys in Armstrong county could not be hired at any price to do it. That shows the progress of the anti-liquor feeling in the county.

There is no party feeling in the situation here. Democrats and Republicans are alike in the support of the issue. Democracy is strongest in the towns of Leechburg, Apollo, Freeport and surrounding townships. Singularly enough each of these three towns is governed by local prohibition laws passed under the old constitution, and significantly enough it is generally believed that each of the three towns is a whisky town, and the cause of the restraints of years. Such a vote, however, will not injure the general result in the county. Armstrong is a manufacturing county, and the American workmen predominate, and will save the reputation of industry by siding with temperance.

## A DISTILLERY TOO.

Guckenheimer's distillery is located at Freeport, and is kept well supplied with grain and hogs will be influenced in their views by that fact. It has always been looked upon as a Pittsburgh industry, the distillery's business being transacted in that city. It would wonder how many of the hundreds of thousands of gallons of whisky.

Although Kittanning is a temperance town, it is kept well supplied with whisky by "the pony express," as it is called. This consists of three couriers, who go to Pittsburgh every morning on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, carrying back to Kittanning with all sorts of merchandise, which they will bring for people at a rate of commission. It is said liquor in pints, quarts and gallons is sold by the roadside to their order lists. Temperance people are arising to put a stop to this practice.

A public meeting has been called for next week to commence the amendment campaign. In Armstrong county the Constitutional Amendment Association has always been more popular than Third Party Prohibitionists. This is shown in the fact that in 1881 St. John received 27 votes for President, and in 1888 this had decreased to 19 for Fisk. Brady's Bend and Parker's Landing are the strongest places for the liquor sentiment.

## IN A POLITICAL WAY.

Hon. S. M. Meredith, who introduced the prohibitory amendment in the Senate in 1887, was interviewed to-day. He said:

"I put the majority for the amendment at not less than 1,500. During the past year I have been kept busy with the entire county and made it my business to inquire among the people on this matter, and I found a very strong sentiment with the voters, but the parties in favor of the amendment. We have had no saloon in the county since the adoption of local option. Before that there was a strong liquor feeling. That all disappeared, and since that time the sentiment has been steadily growing. It will thus make present majority larger than that given for local option. I have no doubt that the amendment will be equally in favor of a trait of this character. Business men generally are not afraid of the secondary results which may follow the voting for prohibition. They are not as much as the saloonists, but as late as last fall, it will not be as light as some persons appear to think. The temperance people are thoroughly aroused, and will canvass every school district."

J. W. King, Esq., Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, has no doubt that the amendment will be adopted by Armstrong, but he puts the majority at a lower figure than others, not any more than 500. The reason of this, he thinks, is the probability of a light vote among the farmers, who will be too busy in June with their harvests to spend a day at the polls. Were it to be voted on at a general election or at any other time than June, he would estimate a rising majority.

District Attorney Daniel Heiner, who was formerly Chairman of the Republican County Committee, estimates that the

## RAILWAY RATE WARS.

Views of the Inter-State Commerce Commission on the Best Way to Prevent Violations of the Law in the Future.

WASHINGTON, January 27.—The Interstate Commerce Commission has promulgated an opinion on the subject of passenger tariffs and rate wars, prepared by Chairman Cooley. The paper narrates the facts attending the war in passenger rates at St. Louis in October, and also the regulations of the passenger rate war which prevailed in Chicago in December, both of which were investigated by the commission. In the St. Louis case east-bound limited fares were reduced by all the lines from about \$22 to \$20 to \$10. It is found that the provisions of the act to regulate commerce were not complied with, and that the reductions in the manner in which they were made were not only illegal, but were unwarranted and injurious to the carriers who took part in the warfare, as well as to the public.

The Chicago rate war extended over the lines running to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Kansas City and St. Louis. Its characteristic feature was the fact that tickets were placed in the hands of brokers or scalpers to be sold at rates below the tariff rates, and that the road executives themselves for their dealings with brokers by claiming the right to pay commissions at will. The business of the ticket brokers was investigated and many facts were ascertained which showed that the brokers discriminated between passengers, and forbids the sale of tickets at a greater or less rate than the established schedule. Violation of law in many respects is pointed out, and the commission recommends that the Interstate Commerce act be so amended as:

First—To define what shall be considered excessive rates, and to fix the rate of interest on the sale of tickets and all sale of tickets for interstate business except by the regular agents of the carriers.

Second—To prohibit all payment of commissions on the sale of tickets and all sale of tickets for interstate business except by the regular agents of the carriers.

Third—To require the carriers to provide for the speedy and convenient redemption of unused tickets or coupons.

Previous recommendations in respect to amending rates, and to fix the rate of interest and notices of reduction of rates are renewed.

THE FESTIVE WHITE CAP.

One Man Who Objects to Receiving Their Necessaries Attention.

LIMA, January 27.—Last night Adam Lowry, a resident of Allentown, a small town seven miles west of this city, was awakened by a pounding against his door. He got up and saw three men taking something on his door. After they had left he went out and found a White Cap notice nailed to his door. The notice read: "Leave town within ten days, or be dragged out." Mr. Lowry is represented as a quiet and industrious man. He says that he knows one of the men, and may have him arrested.

FOR BILIOUSNESS.

Use Hersford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. W. B. Gilles, Winnipeg, Manitoba, says: "I have used it in a typical case of indigestion with biliousness, and found it to be, without exception, the best thing I ever used in such cases."

B. & B.

To-day all our dress lengths of dress goods, fine suitings, broadcloths, cashmeres and black goods, 7 to 13 1/2 yards, are all measured up for "stock-taking," and we have put prices on them to sell them, and to do it promptly.

JUST arrived, 60 pieces India challis, beautiful patterns, only 8c per yard.

DIED.

EVANS.—On Friday evening, January 25, 1889, at 8:05 o'clock, JOHN EVANS, 308 Oakland avenue, MONDAY AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

EVANS.—On Sunday, January 27, 1889, at 1:30 o'clock, JOHN EVANS, mother of David James, in her 81st year. Funeral from her late residence, 1230 Noville street, Southside, on MONDAY at 2:30 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GORDEN.—On Sunday, January 27, 1889, CHARLES GORDEN, in the 49th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HOFMEISTER.—On Sunday, January 27, EDWARD G. HOFMEISTER, youngest son of Martin and Josephine Hofmeister, aged 6 months and 2 days. Funeral from his parents' residence, 323 Main street, Pittsburgh, TUESDAY MORNING at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

LUDWIG.—At his residence, 243 High street, Allegheny, on Sunday, January 27, 1889, at 7:20 P. M. MORRIS LUDWIG, aged 64 years 10 months 18 days.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MUSLER.—At his late residence, No. 3 Market street, Allegheny, on Saturday, January 26, 1889, at 1 P. M. JOHN MUSLER, aged 70 years and 9 days. Funeral services MONDAY, January 28, at 2 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MURRAY.—Saturday, January 26, CHARLES A. MURRAY, in the 54th year of his age. Funeral from the residence of his brother, Felix Murray, 128 Bedford avenue, on MONDAY, January 28, at 8:00 A. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MARSHALL.—Suddenly, on Sunday, January 27, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., MARY JANE, wife of A. J. Marshall, aged 40 years. Funeral services at the family residence, Ridge avenue, Allegheny city, on TUESDAY MORNING, January 29, at 10 o'clock. Interment private at a later hour.

PARKINSON.—At the family residence, 5714 Mignette street, East End, Sunday, January 27, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., infant son of Harry and Jennie Parkinson, aged 10 months, 11 days. Funeral services MONDAY at 3 P. M. to 12:30 P. M. at Pasadena, Cal. Mrs. NANNIE G. PARKER, widow of the late John W. Parker, deceased, was the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David W. Miller, and mother of Mrs. Dr. L. Deputy of this city.

The remains will be interred at Pasadena.

POTTER.—On Sunday, January 27, 1889, at 10:30 A. M. LONNIE, only son of Alonzo and Maggie Taylor Potter, aged 7 years, 8 months and 15 days.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, Lincoln avenue, Millvale borough, on TUESDAY, the 29th, at 2 P. M. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery, Sharpsburg. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WIEGMANN.—On Sunday, January 27, ORRIN, only son of David and Sophia Wiegmann, from No. 74 Walter avenue, Westmoreland, on TUESDAY, January 29, at 2 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ANTHONY MEYER.

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Assets, January 1, 1887, \$1,000,000.00. EDWARDS & KENNEY, Agents, 29 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. JAS. EDWARDS.

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NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

About Feb. 1 We Will Remove to 37 FIFTH AVE.

(NORTH SIDE OF STREET.)

On account of removal we will offer our entire stock of Silver Plated Ware, Clocks, Bронzes, Statuary, Onyx Top Tables, Brass Cabinets, Piano Lamps and Choice Art Goods at a Great Reduction in Price.

WATTLES & SHEAFER, JEWELERS, 54 FIFTH AVENUE. JAS. WATTLES.

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MEN'S SHIRTS

We are closing out one lot of Men's Undershirts, plaided front Shirts, regular 75c grade at 50c, or \$1.25 for two.

One lot of Undershirts, plaided front Shirts, regular \$1 grade, at 75c each.

Our Prize X Shirt, Undershirt, at \$1 each, so well known as being the best shirt in the market, from 15 to 18-inch, we have a full line of size, from 15 to 18-inch, in stock, with four lengths of sleeve in each neck size, with bands and with collar XX size, same make of shirt, next grade better, \$1.25 each, \$6.75 for half dozen. Newline of

Men's Night Shirts

Now ready in Undershirt and Undershirt, ranging from 50c to \$5 each.

Boys and Youth's sizes Shirts, Undershirt and Undershirt, all sizes, ranging from 50c to \$1 each.

Men's and Boys' Fancy Percale Shirts, neck and proper styles.

Men's Flannel Night Shirts a specialty.

GREAT BARGAINS IN WINTER UNDERWEAR.

In low and medium grades; extra large sizes a specialty.

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S. C. No. 101 'French Coutil, Patent Molded Form, extra heavily boned and stayed with six extra heavy side bones, satin striped. Especially applicable for stout figures. They come in white, ecru and drab. Price \$1; worth at least \$1.25.

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WE EVER DID.

The \$8 made-to-measure Trousers. In all the millions dollars' worth of Clothing sold by us we never gave as much for the money as we are doing every day in the \$8 Trousers. We don't know where we'd go to buy such another lot of excellent goods. It would be an odd taste that wouldn't get suited in over 200 styles to select from.

The success attending this remarkable sale has been so great that we add another great offering.

All the former qualities that were \$8, \$9 and \$10 go down to \$6.50.

All the \$6.50 and \$7 qualities go down to \$5.

We expect to do the Trousers of the town.

Wanamaker & Brown, Sixth street and Penn avenue. JAS. W. W. W.

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Grand Bargain Sale. All Winter Goods to be Cleared at Once.

In the course of stock taking, just concluded, we have laid aside a great many goods in every department, which we have determined to close out to make room for new goods now arriving and crowding us—the cost not taken into consideration. All must go, at any sacrifice. Commencing Monday next you will find on our counters:

Remnants of Black and Colored Silks, up to 10 yard lengths, at "1/3 off."

Remnants of Dress Goods, up to 8 yard lengths, "1/3 off."

Remnants Cloth Suitings, up to 8 yard lengths, "1/3 off."

Remnants plain, fancy and brocade Velvets and Plushes, "1/3 off."

Remnants Table Linens and Crashes, odd lots Towels and Napkins, at one-half value.

Remnants Flannels, a few slightly soiled Blankets, "1/3 off."

Remnants Muslins, Gingham, Tickings, Prints, Embroideries and Laces at prices to clear at once.

Remnants Carpets, up to 25 yards, at bargain prices.